A Small Guide for Oral Presentations

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A good presentations stands out because of

• the structure

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- the structure
- the visuals

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Making good orals is a matter of study!

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Precondition: Intensive preparation (i.e., hard work)

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- similarily for reports and theses

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Remember:

Any presentation you give is also a presentation of yourself.

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preparatory considerations

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- structure

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- visuals

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- structure
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- presentation style and execution

What are the ingredients of good orals?

They concern:

- preparatory considerations
- structure
- visuals
- presentation style and execution

AND: practice, practice, practice

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Unfortunately the irony often turns out as real life story or comedy.

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You may consider to fully formulate your presentation (but do not reading it!).

- Introduction
 - Motivation (Review)

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 - Claim

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 - Agenda

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- Conclusions and Outlook

Structuring the Material

• structuring is a **organizational task**

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- structuring is separating and connecting

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- material is presented in 1-D

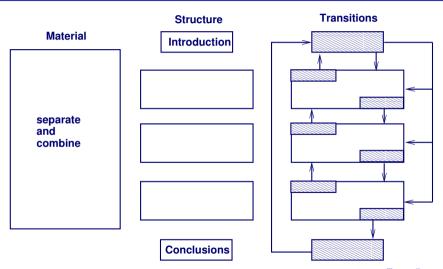
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- each section should lead to the following one (transitions)
- this establishes the theme or leitmotif

Separating and Connecting



Tell them what you are going to tell them,

Tell them what you are going to tell them, then tell them what you told them you would tell them,

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I.e.: Repeat your message

A figure says more than 1000 words (Chinese proverb).

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25-30% through listening,

but

60-75% through viewing.

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Visualize your message.

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First and foremost condition: Readability!

Take the width of the figure and step back six times this amount.

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Can you still read and recognize everything?

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Heights of letters and numbers:

 $\frac{1}{20}$ vertical height of the figure.

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Title larger, emphasize important stuff.

Generally: Less is more!

no full sentences

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- no figure captions

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The Sardine Award:

Given to that individual who stuffs the greatest amount of surface area text and graphs on frames or view graphs.

• letters and numbers bold face

- letters and numbers bold face
- no axis without legend

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- no axis without legend
- avoid bright background

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- avoid bright background
- no tables

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The Bingo Award:

Given to that individual who uses a data table with the greatest number of entries.

• use common notation

- use common notation
- use color

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- emphasize important information (→ color)

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The Rainbow Award:

Given to that individual who uses the greatest number of colors on a single frame.

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The RG-But-Not-B Award:

Given to that individual who uses the greatest number of shades of only red and green combinations to show contrasts. Judging will be based on the extent of confusion of all color-blind members of the audience.

Presentation Style and Execution 1

Explaining visuals takes time.

Rule of thumb: about 1-3 minutes per figure.

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The Academy Award (SEG's Oscar):

Given to that individual who creates the best motion picture simulation by speeding through the frames or view graphs.

speak loud and clearly

- speak loud and clearly
- use simple voice

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- use simple voice
- free speech

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- free speech
- relaxed body language

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- look at your audience (interaction)

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- stay out of screen, do not run through screen

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Do not forget to repeat your core message.

The Fourier Award:

Given to that individual who speaks in the purest, single frequency (i.e., monotone) voice throughout the talk.

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Given to that individual who most thoroughly mumbles throughout his/her entire talk.

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The "Scottie. Beam Me Out of Here" Award:

Given to that individual who tortures his audience with boredom that they just want to be away.

• memorize your start and introduction

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Even More Awards

The Lissajous Award:

Given to that individual who creates the largest and wildest Lissajous figure with the laser pointer while attempting to locate a single spot on the frame.

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The Beyond Einstein Award:

Given to that individual who best shows that c, the speed of light in vacuum, is not the ultimate speed, but that the dot of the light of the laser pointer zipping accros the screen can far surpass all relativistic limitations.

Humor

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The Gong Award:

Given to that individual who cracks the worst joke. Judging will be based on the volume of groans following the delivery and on whether or not it can be recognized as a joke.

• do not interrupt

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- repeat question (big halls, no mic)

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- be brief

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- respond relaxed to aggressive question (do not fight back!)

Conclusions

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Do it. Good luck, and practice, practice!

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The I.M. Gone Award:

Given to that individual whose paper causes the greatest number of audience members to exit during his/her talk. Judging will be based on the number of door slams during the talk.

Some Final Words

Watch your outfit.

You neither want to be over- or under-dressed.

That's it!

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- were necessary fundamentals provided

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- were necessary fundamentals provided
- was a message developed?
- were technical terms properly used?

• was the talk lively presented and in free speech?

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- was choice and quality of figures convincing?

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- was the content defended in the discussion?